The Economic Impact of Freely Associated State Compact Renewal









About the Team





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Background



- Initial Consultations in DC and all three FAS in 2019
- Study produced one round of reports covering the original three scenarios...
 - Thinking practically—base scenario
 - Thinking negatively—severe scenario
 - Thinking positively—extended funding scenario





Background



- Second round of reports at country level completed in 2022 to reflect impact of COVID-19 pandemic;
- And, more importantly, to reflect the emerging progress of US negotiations with each FAS...
- ... thus the final round of reports narrowed the focus to just two scenarios:
 - Thinking practically—base scenario
 - Thinking negatively severe scenario
 - Thinking positively—Compact Renewal scenario







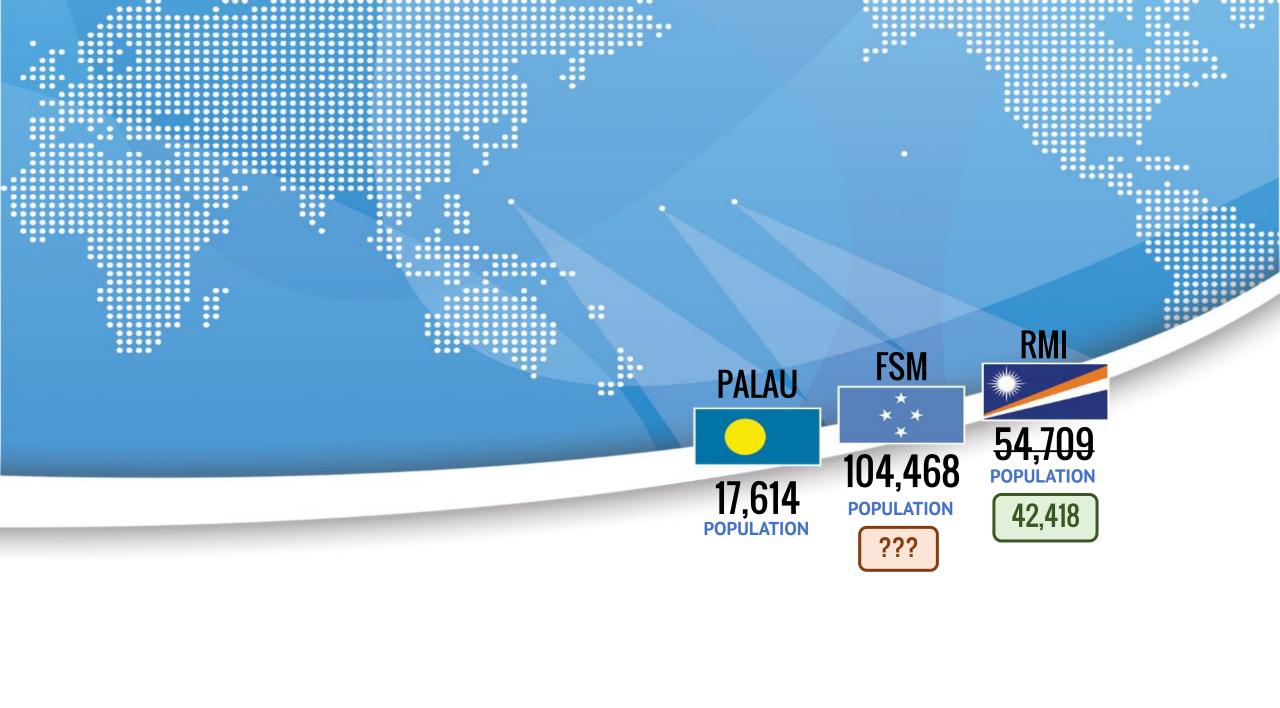
Background



- And now we are in Washington, DC, a few days before the end of FY2023
- Yet, we still have two scenarios to consider:
 - With timely U.S. Congressional authorization & appropriation
 - With delay of U.S. Congressional action







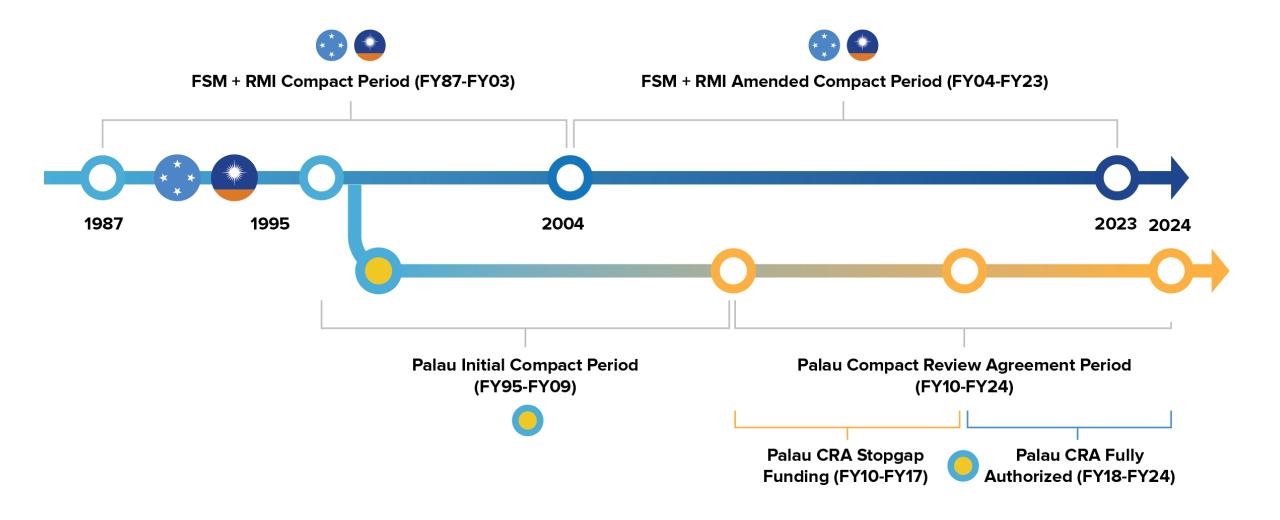
Presentation Outline



- 1. Compact Periods & Performance
- 2. Comparative FAS Economic Structures
- Topline Features of Compact Renewal Agreements
- 4. A New and Happy Challenge: Upward Fiscal Adjustment
- A Lingering Risk: Delay in U.S. Congressional Action
- 6. Concluding Observations...











FAS Compact Periods & Performance







FY2024 FY2043



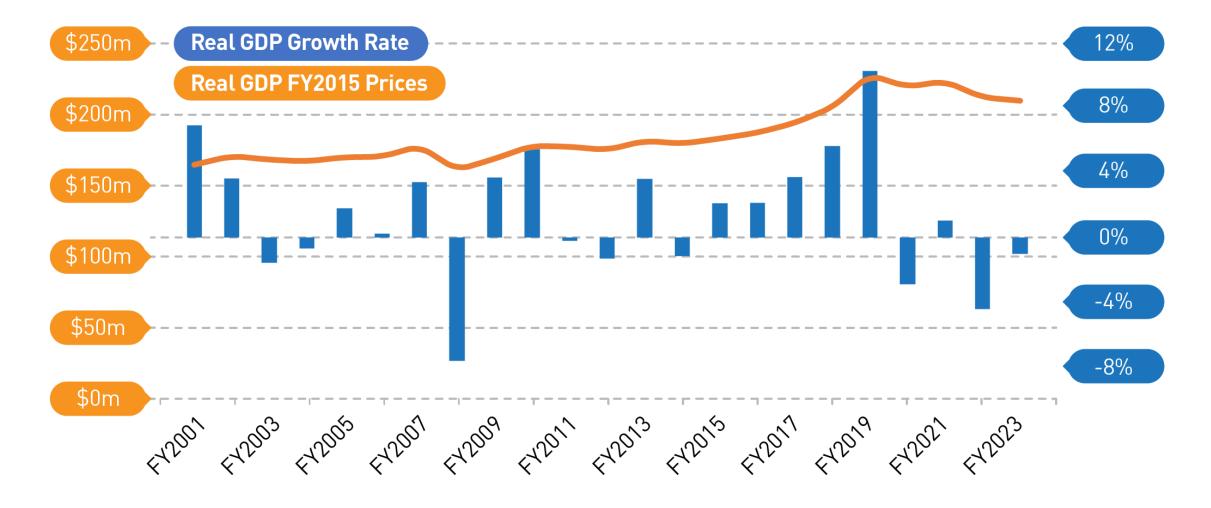






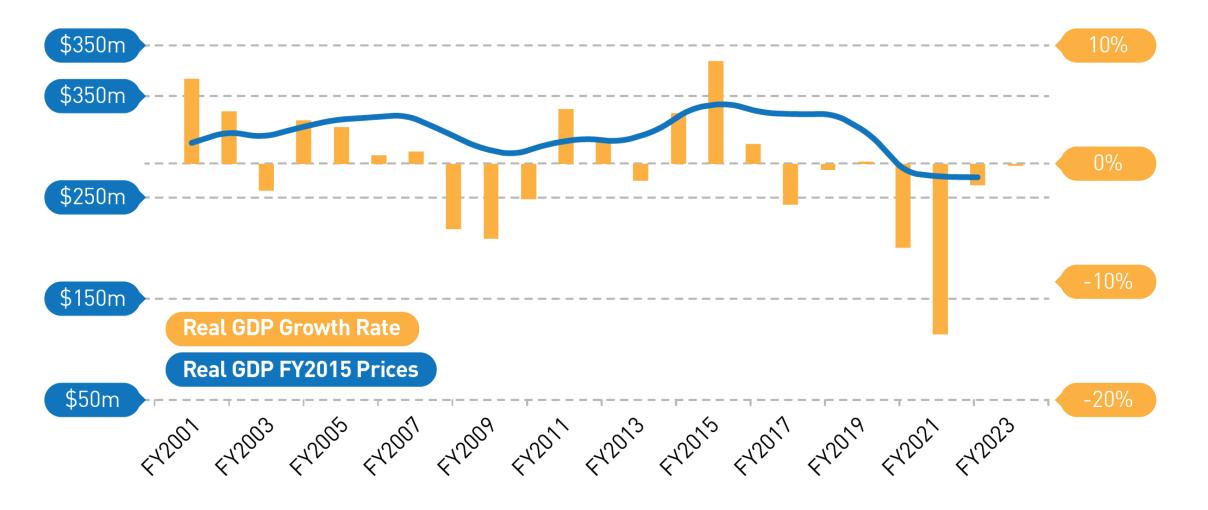














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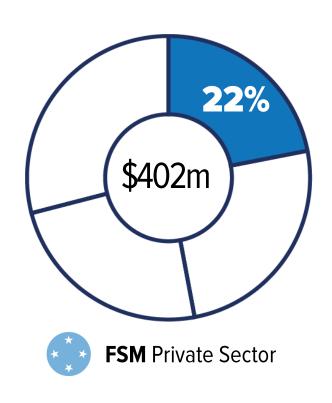


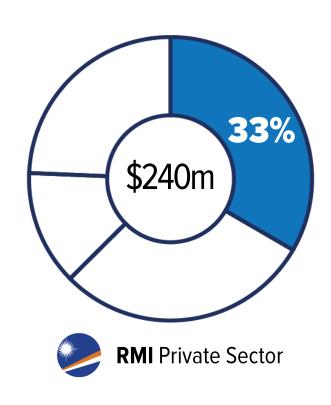


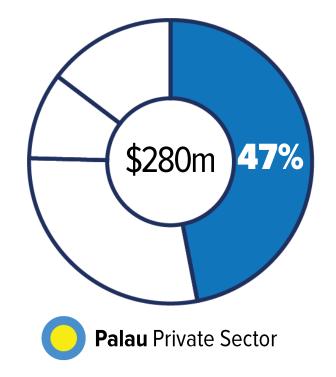


» INSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE ECONOMY (FY17-FY19, 3-YR AVG)

PRIVATE SECTOR as % of GDP







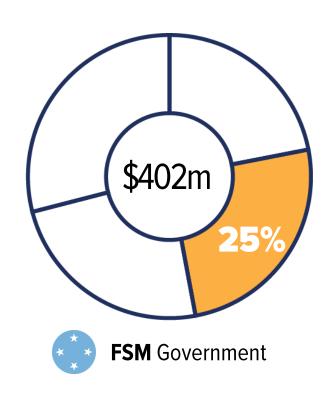


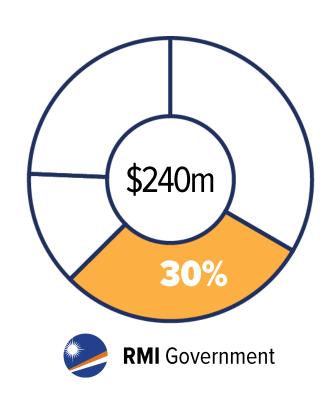


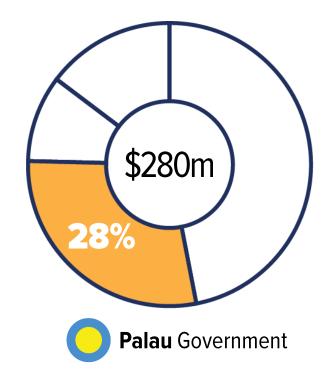


» INSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE ECONOMY (FY17-FY19, 3-YR AVG)

GOVERNMENT as % of GDP







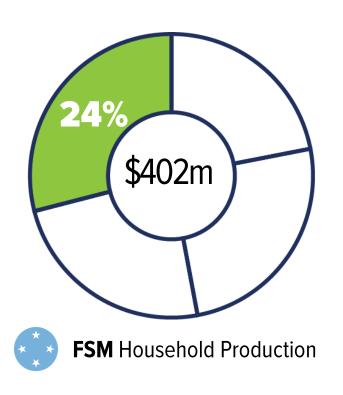


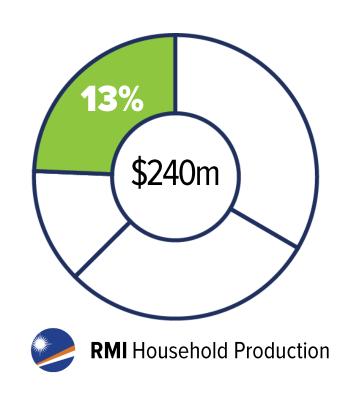


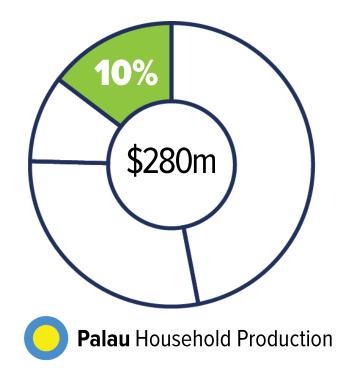


» INSTITUTIONAL STRUCTURE OF THE ECONOMY (FY17-FY19, 3-YR AVG)

HOUSEHOLD PRODUCTION as % of GDP





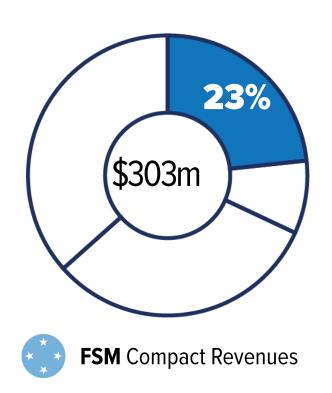


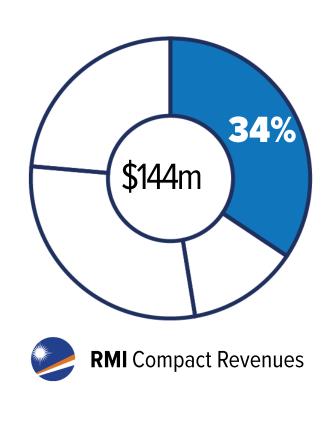


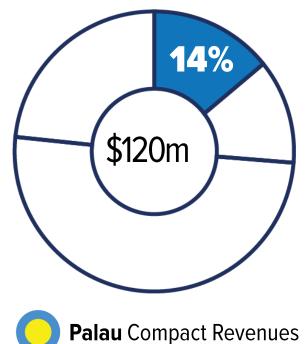


>> FAS STRUCTURE OF KEY REVENUE SOURCES (FY17-FY19, 3-YR AVG)

COMPACT REVENUES as % of **REVENUES**











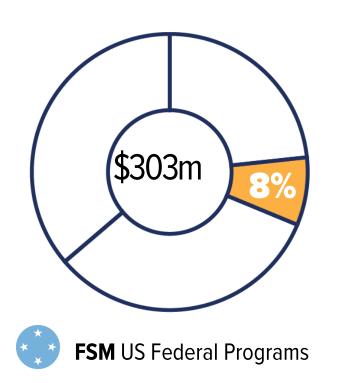


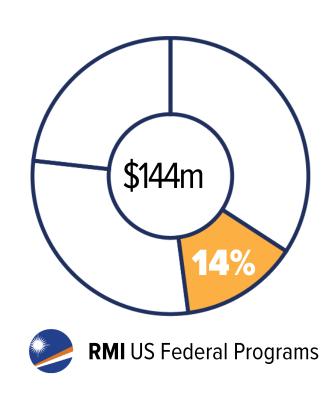


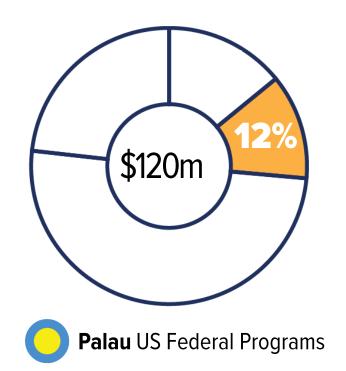


>> FAS STRUCTURE OF KEY REVENUE SOURCES (FY17-FY19, 3-YR AVG)

US FEDERAL PROGRAMS as % of REVENUES









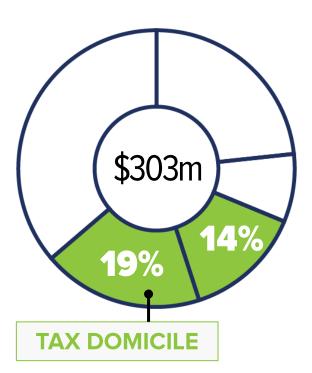






>> FAS STRUCTURE OF KEY REVENUE SOURCES (FY17-FY19, 3-YR AVG)

DOMESTIC TAXES as % of **REVENUES**



















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CRA 2023: FSM [\$3.3 B]



- Designed to start seamlessly at end of the 2nd Compact period
- Annual grants at \$140 million per year in defined sectors
- No annual adjustment, negotiations resulted in replacing 2%...
- ... with \$500 million contribution to the Compact Trust Fund (\$250 million in each of FY2024 & FY2025)





CRA 2023: FSM, cont'd



- Treatment of the Compact Trust Fund as a "Re-Purposed Fund"
- Amended Fiscal Procedures
- Amended Compact Trust Fund Agreement
- Ongoing Federal Programs & Services





CRA 2023: RMI [\$2.3 B]



- Designed to start seamlessly at end of the 2nd Compact period
- Annual grants at \$50 million per year for 20 years in defined sectors with 2% annual adjustment
- Health special grant at \$8 million per year for 20 years with no annual adjustment (and requiring RMI match)





CRA 2023: RMI, cont'd



• One-time grants of \$239 million in FY2024:

Strategic Health Dialogue	\$20 million
Climate Change Tech. Assistance	\$20 million
Environmental Studies	\$20 million
Environmental Programs	\$10 million
Transparency	\$10 million
Museum	\$5 million
Kwajalein Atoll Master Plan	\$132 million
Suppl. Education Grant catch-up	\$22 million





CRA 2023: RMI, cont'd



- ... with \$700 million contribution to the Compact Trust Fund (\$200 million in each of FY2024-2026 & \$100 million in FY2027)
- Treatment of the Compact Trust Fund as a "Re-Purposed Fund"
- Amended Fiscal Procedures
- Amended Compact Trust Fund Agreement
- Ongoing Federal Programs & Services





CRA 2023: Palau [\$889 M]



- Designed to start one year before the 2nd Compact period ends
- Annual grants at \$30 million per year for 20 years in defined sectors/uses with 2% annual adjustment
- Fiscal consolidation (debt repayment) of \$10 million annually for 6 years (FY2024-2029) with no annual adjustment
- ... with \$100 million contribution to the Compact Trust Fund (\$50 million in each of FY2024 & FY2025)





CRA 2023: Palau



- Treatment of the Compact Trust Fund as a "Re-Purposed Fund"
- Amended Fiscal Procedures
- Amended Compact Trust Fund Agreement
- Ongoing Federal Programs & Services





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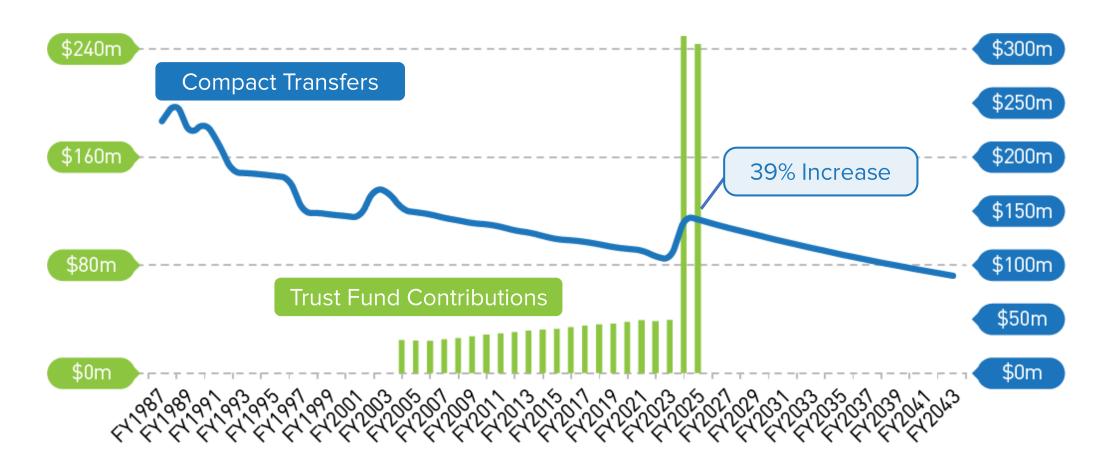




Upward Fiscal Adjustment: FSM



Assuming no Use of the Re-Purposed Compact Trust Fund& No Use of the \$500m Contribution

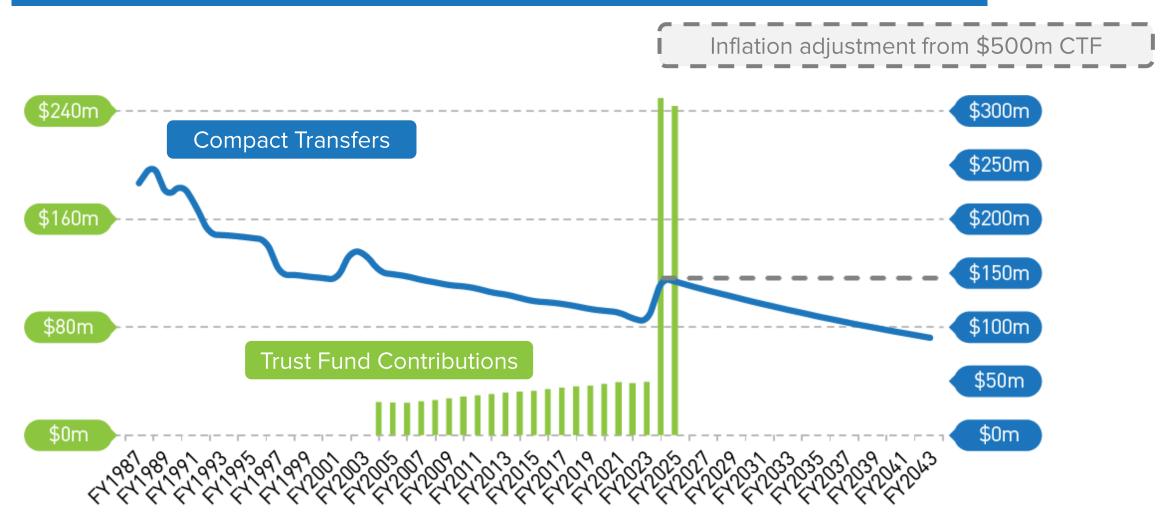




Upward Fiscal Adjustment: FSM



» Assuming Use of the \$500m Fund Addition for Inflation Adjustment



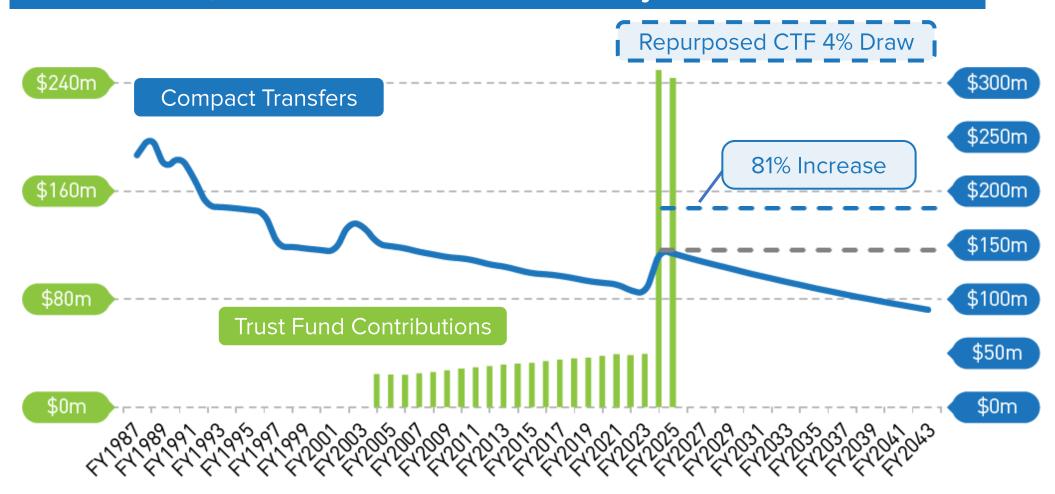




Upward Fiscal Adjustment: FSM



Assuming Use of the Re-Purposed CTF & Use of the \$500m CTF Addition for Inflation Adjustment



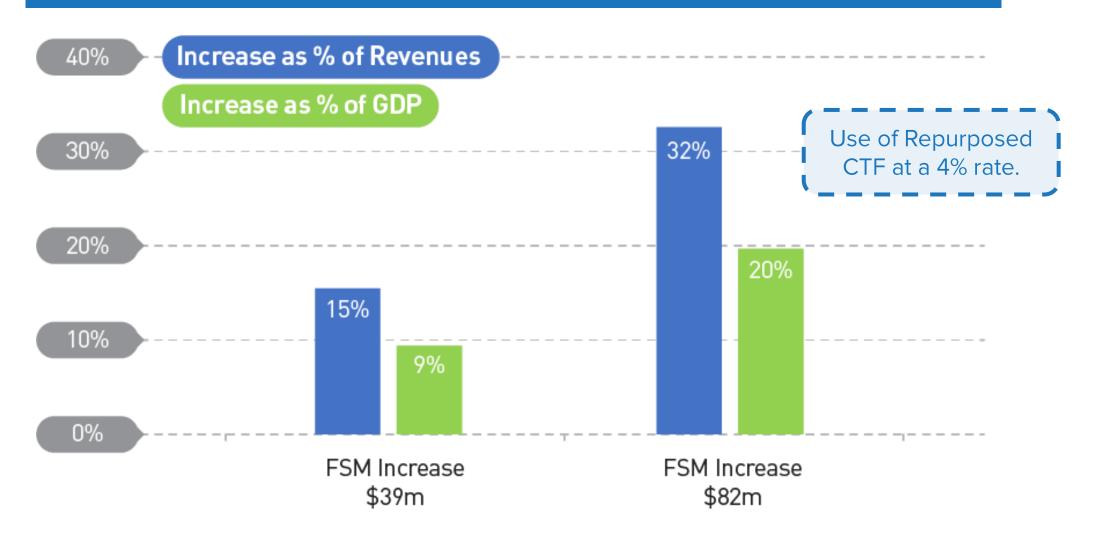




Upward Fiscal Adjustment: FSM



Increase from FY23 to FY24



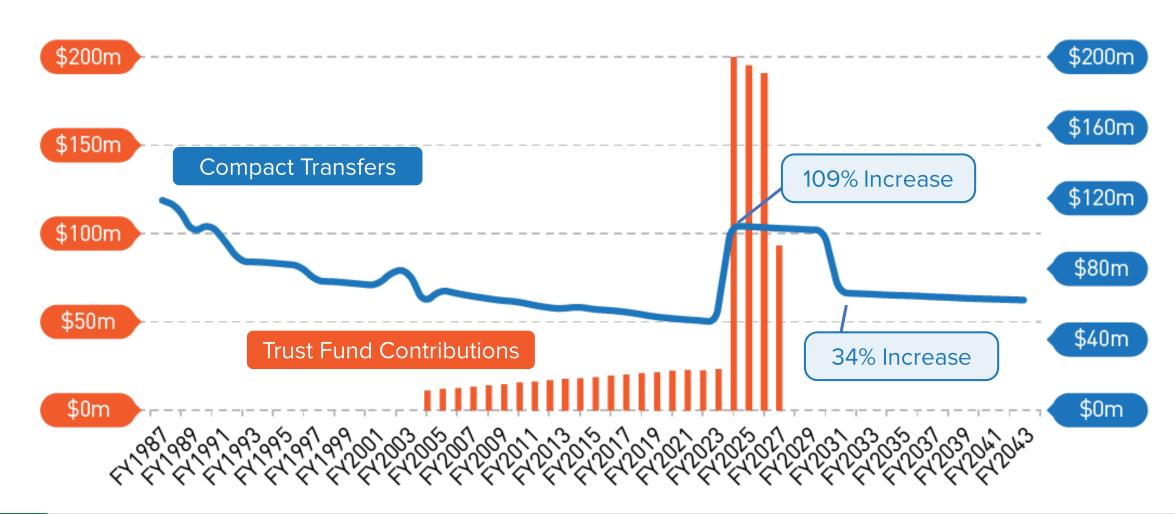




Upward Fiscal Adjustment: RMI



» Assuming no GovRMI Use of the Re-Purposed Trust Fund or Special Use Fund

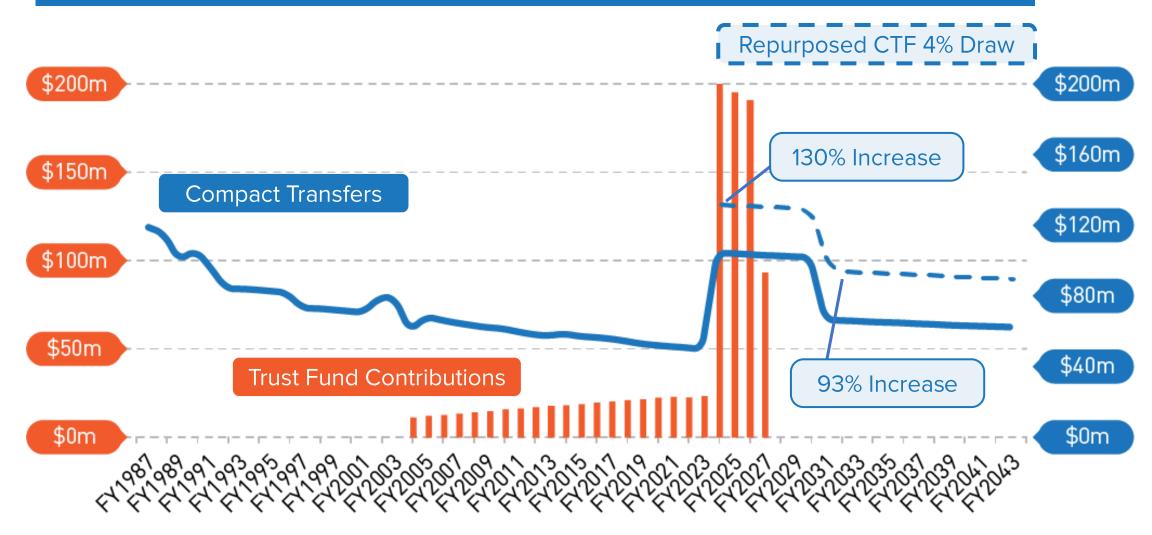




Upward Fiscal Adjustment: RMI





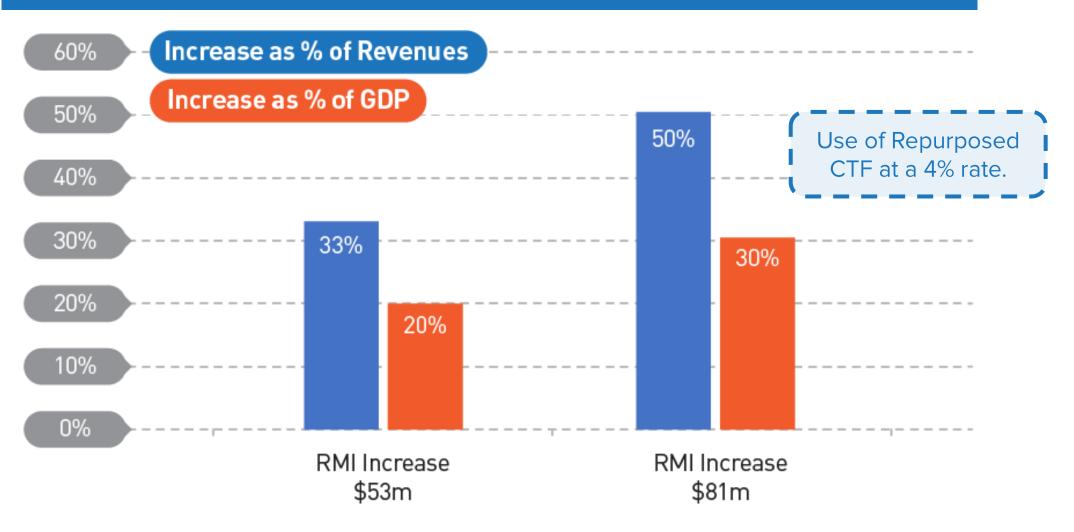




Upward Fiscal Adjustment: RMI







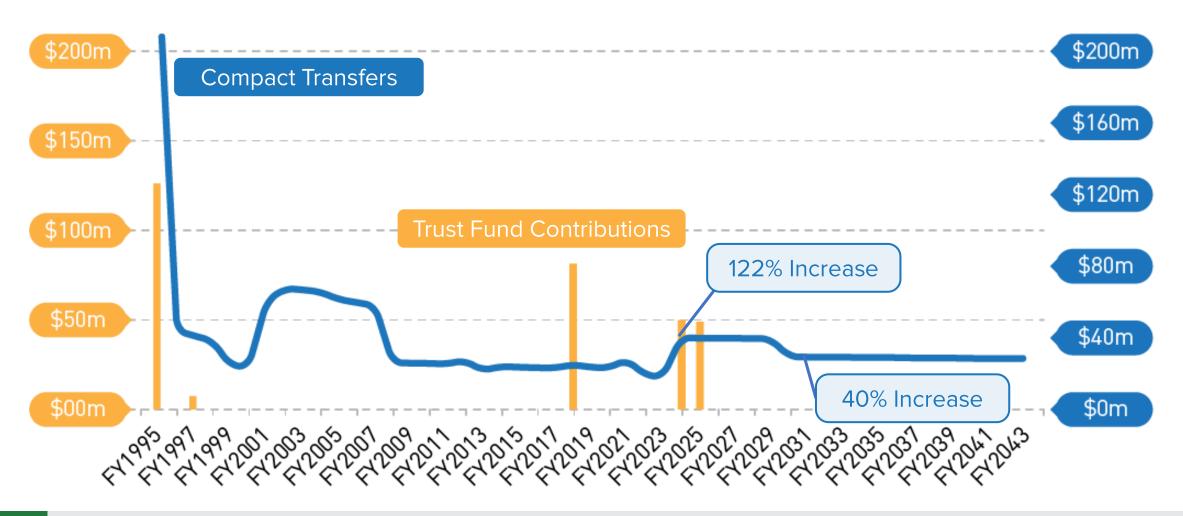




Upward Fiscal Adjustment: Palau



Assuming no use of the Re-Purposed Trust Fund

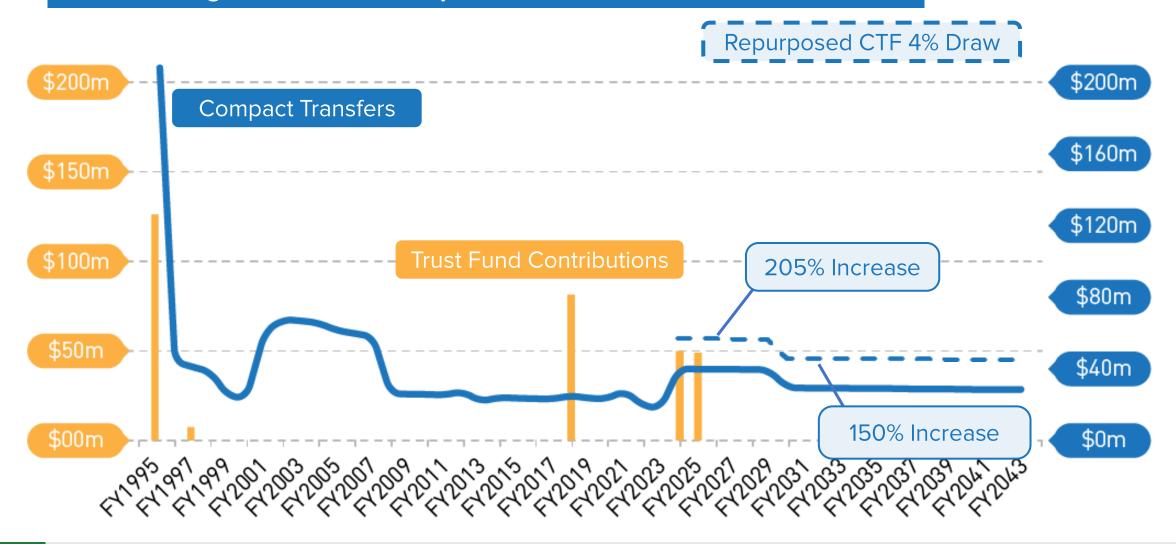




Upward Fiscal Adjustment: Palau



» Assuming Use of the Re-Purposed Trust Fund



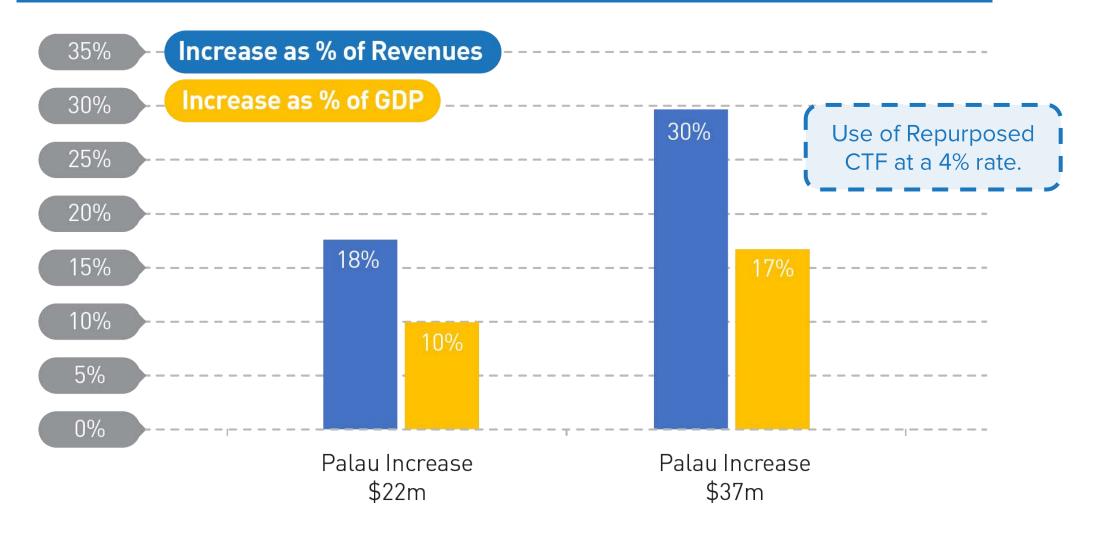




Upward Fiscal Adjustment: Palau



Increase from FY23 to FY24







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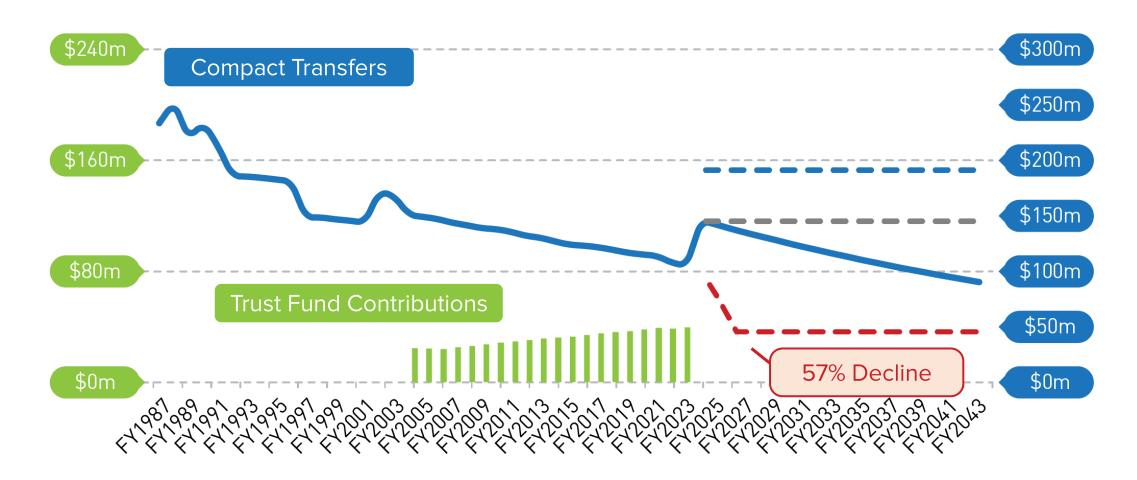




Delay in U.S. Congressional Action



>> Declining Resource Transfers without Renewal





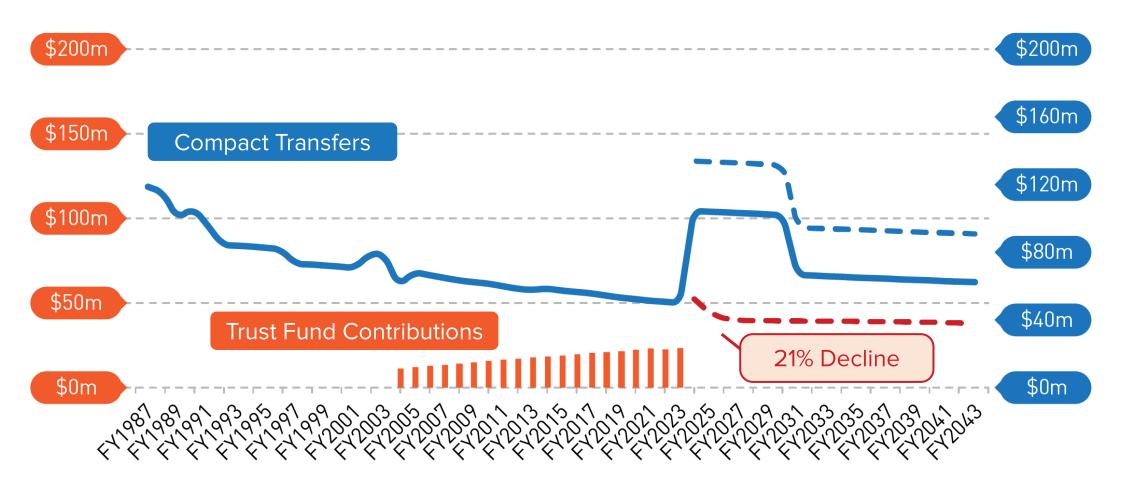


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Delay in U.S. Congressional Action



>> Declining Resource Transfers without Renewal

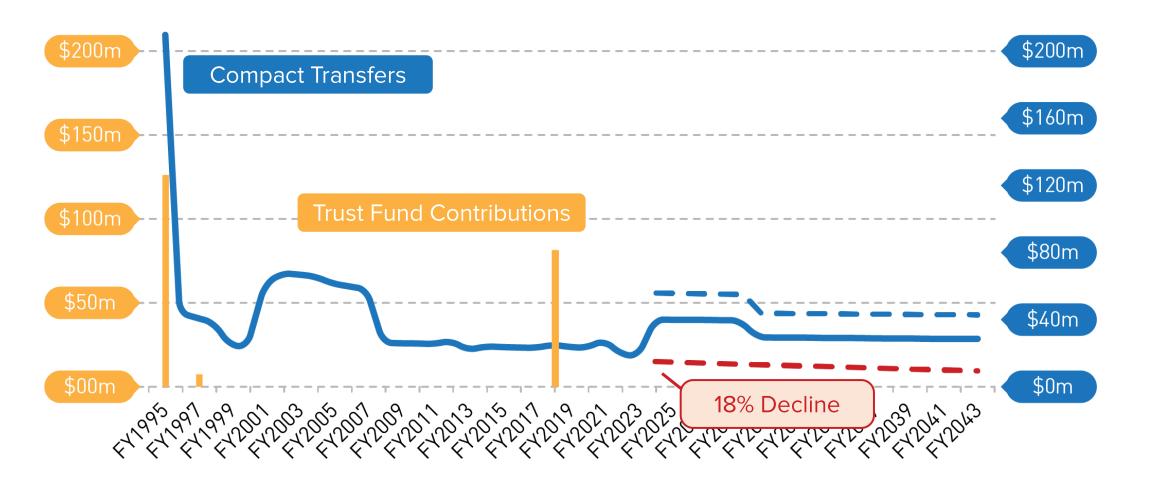




Delay in U.S. Congressional Action



>> Declining Resource Transfers without Renewal







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Concluding Observations



- Each FAS Compact Renewal is different across many dimensions—indicating the U.S. did not apply a one-size-fits-all approach.
- Oversight approach is modified—with sufficient differences to require time to determine costs, efficacy, and impact.
- Fiscal expansion vs. Fiscal compression & the need for each FAS to focus on its own policy framework
- Extraordinary near-term implications for donor partner engagement—capacity supplementation and policy guidance







THANK YOU!



Time for Discussion & Questions

